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ABSTRACT

Average salary increases for 2,399 faculty in the field of communications are reported for 1982-1983 and 1985-1986, as part of the College and University Personnel Association's annual faculty salary studies. Included are comparative data for 108,074 faculty at 174 public colleges and 193 private colleges, representing 41 academic disciplines. In 1982, 83 public and 76 private colleges reported on communications faculty salaries, while 116 public and 100 private colleges reported in 1985. Between 1982 and 1985, average salaries of faculty in this field increased 20.6% at public colleges and 16.6% at private colleges. The average salary for communications faculty was below the average faculty salary in the other 40 disciplines (9% below for public colleges and 11% below for private colleges). Included is information on: the number of faculty by academic rank, including new assistant professors; salaries by academic rank; the ratio of average salaries to total average salaries of all public and all private colleges in both years studied; comparisons between the 2 years and with the Consumer Price Index of changes in cost-of-living; and comparisons with 40 other disciplines. The disciplines and participating institutions are listed. (SW)



SALARY-TREND STUDY OF FACULTY IN COMMUNICATIONS

FOR THE YEARS

1982-83 AND 1985-86

The Authors:

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SALARY-TREND STUDY OF FACULTY IN COMMUNICATIONS

FOR THE YEARS

1982-83 AND 1985-86

Since 1932-83 the College and University Personnel Association (CUPA) in Washington, D.C., in cooperation with Appalachian State University in Boone, North Carolina, has conducted annual national faculty salary studies by discipline and rank each year through 1985-86. Each year two separate studies are conducted, one for public senior colleges and universities which are members of the American Association of State Colleges and Universities (AASCU) in Washington, D.C., and the other for private senior colleges and universities. The list of private institutions is provided by the American Council on Education in Washington, D.C.

Salary data for each study were collected and tabulated for full-time teaching faculty in 41 selected academic disciplines including communications. The disciplines were chosen from among those defined by the Higher Education General Information Study (HEGIS) Taxonomy and by A Classification of Instructional Programs (CIP), 1981. The definition of the discipline/major field of communications in the CIP is as follows:

A summary of groups of instructional programs that describe the creation, transmission, and evaluation of messages. These groups include communications, general; advertising; communications research; journalism (mass communications); public relations; radio/television news broadcast; radio/television, general; and, communications, other.

This article presents a summary of the overall average salary increases in the discipline/major field of communications from the "baseline year" of 1982-83 to and including the "trend year" of 1985-86 for both public and private institutions. Of the 227 institutions which participated in CUPA's



PUBLIC (AASCU) study of 1982-83, 174 also participated in 1985-86. Data from those same 174 institutions were used in both the baseline year and the trend year. Of the 299 institutions which participated in CUPA'S PRIVATE study of 1982-83, 193 also participated in 1985-86. Data from those same 193 institutions were used in both the baseline year and the trend year.

In addition to listing the average salaries in communications for both public and private participating institutions by rank, including "new assistant professor," and listing the faculty mix percentage (FAC MIX PCT) and the salary factor, comparisons are made between the two studies for each of the two study years (1982-83 and 1985-86) and with the CPI (Consumer Price Index) of changes in cost-of-living.

The CPI is based on prices of food, clothing, shelter and fuels, transportation, medical care, entertainment, and other goods and services that people buy for day-to-day living. In examining trends in faculty salary it is important to consider any changes in the economy and the CPI yields a more precise representation of "real" salary increases over time.

The salary is based on a nine- or ten-month academic year salary of full-time faculty only. It does not include any faculty members teaching less than 51 percent. Salary for summer academic work, fringe benefits, and perquisites are not included in the salary data. The average salary is based on the study information with the assumption that all employees were full-time. The average salary displayed is an average of all faculty salaries reported for a given rank and discipline.

The "NUM" means the number of faculty members whose salaries were included to compute the average salary.

The "N/IN" means the number of institutions that reported salary data for a given academic rank and discipline/major field.



The FAC MIX PCT is the percentage of faculty in a given discipline/major field who hold a given academic rank. For example, a FAC MIX PCT factor of .32 for associate professor of communications in the 1982-83 public study means that 32 percent of the faculty in that discipline/major field hold the rank of associate professor.

The SALARY FACTOR for a given rank of a given discipline/major field is the ratio of the average salary to the total average salary of all institutions in each of the four studies: PUBLIC 1982-83, PUBLIC 1985-86, PRIVATE 1982-83 and PRIVATE 1985-86. For example, a SALARY FACTOR of .95 for assistant professors in the discipline/major field of communications in the 1982-83 public study means that their salaries are 5 percent lower than the average of all assistant professors in all institutions in that study.

NEW ASST PROF is the grouping of assistant professors who were hired for the first time in the fall of the study year (1982-83 or 1985-86). All information for this group was included in the ASST PROF group for reporting purposes. This group is used mainly for new hiring information.

ALL MAJOR FIELDS is the entire data base for all 41 disciplines/major fields in each of the four studies. It is used to compare, among other things, the discipline/major field of communications with the entire data base for each study.

Of particular import to the reader is noting the size of the sample on which each percentage or dollar value is based. The smaller the number in the group, the greater the effect of extreme scarze on a descriptive statistic such as the average. It should be noted also that any large disparity in the sample sizes between the "baseline year" of 1982-83 and the "trend year" of 1985-86 will lessen the reliability and validity of any conclusions that one might make based on a simple comparison of averages.



Prof Salary from n/in	ASSO PROF SALARY NUM N/IN	ASST PROF SALARY NUM N/IN		INSTRUCTOR SALARY HUM N/IN	ALL RANKS SALARY NUM N/IN
PUBLIC. 1982-83: COMMUNICATIONS					
AVERAGE SALARY: 31595 144 55	25440 229 73	20761 218 68	19467 38 31	16278 115 42	23758 706 83
FAC MIX PCI: 0.20	0.32	0.31	0.05	0.16	23758 706 83 1.00
SALARY FACTOR: 0.98	0.97	0.95	0.92	0.92	0.90
ALL MAJOR FIRIDS					
AVERAGE					
SALARY: 32388 11542 FAC MIX	26256 11188	21826 9574	21240 1268	17727 2833	26376 35137 174
PCT: 0.33	0.32	0.27	0.04	0.08	1.00
DETRI T.C. 1005_04.					
PUBLIC, 1985-86: AVERAGE		COMMUNICAL	TIONS		
SALARY: 37156 219 79 FAC MIX	29919 320 102	24545 274 97	23517 45 37	20118 134 53	28651 947 116
PCT: 0.23 SALARY	0.34	0.29	0.05	0.14	1.00
FACTOR: 0.97	0.96	0.94	0.93	0.96	0.91
ALL MAJOR FIELDS					
AVERAGE SALARY: 38313 14197	31105 12327	26030 10424	25238 1541	20871 2867	31610 39815 174
PAC MIX PCI: 0.36	0.31	0.26	0.04	0.07	1.00
					
PRIVATE, 1982-83: COMMUNICATIONS AVERAGE					
SALARY: 31510 43 24 FAC MIX	25913 76 41	19963 127 54	18073 15 13	16014 43 31	22658 289 76
PCT: 0.15 SALARY	0.26	0.44	0.05	0.15	1.00
FACTOR: 0.96	1.02	0.97	0.89	0.97	0.90
ALL MAJOR FIELDS					
AVERAGE					
SALARY: 32762 4505 FAC MIX	25294 4894	20633 5201	20374 739	16552 1223	25213 15823 193
PCT: 0.28	0.31	0.33	0.05	0.08	1.00
PRIVATE, 1985-86: COMMUNICATIONS					
SALARY: 35230 83 38	3 29702 136 58	22346 194 76	22188 42 31	17622 44 35	26420 457 100
PAC MIX PCT: 0.18	0.30	0.42	0.09	0.10	1.00
SALARY FACTOR: 0.91	1.00	0.92	0.93	0.91	0.89
ALL MAJOR FIELDS					
AVERAGE		THE TROOP I			
SALARY: 38629 5175 FAC MIX	29556 5423	24241 5444	23887 843	19277 1257	29850 17299 193
PCT: 0.30 -	0.31	0.31	0.05	0.07	1.00





RESULTS OF THE TWO PUBLIC (AASCU) STUDIES, 1982-83 AND 1985-86

In the PUBLIC 1982-83 salary study in the above table, the reader may note that the discipline/major field of communications was reported in 83 of the 174 public (AASCU) institutions. The average salary of the 706 faculty was \$23,758. This average salary was approximately 10 percent (0.90) lower than the average salary of \$26,376 for all 35,137 faculty in ALL MAJOR FIELDS in the 1982-83 public study.

In the PUBLIC 1985-86 salary study in the above table, the discipline/major field of communications was reported in 116 of the same 174 public (AASCU) institutions. The average salary of the 947 faculty was \$28,651. This average salary was approximately 9 percent (0.91) lower than the average salary of \$31,610 for all 39,815 faculty in ALL MAJOR FIELDS in the 1985-86 public study.

The increase in average salaries for all faculty in communications after three years in the public institutions studied was 20.6 percent (\$28,651 minus \$23,758 equals \$4,893). The CPI of increased cost-of-living between October 1982 and October 1985 was 10.7 percent. A more realistic increase, therefore, in average faculty salaries over the three-year time period is 9.9 percent or an average of 3.3 percent each year above the cost-of-living.

The increase in average salaries for all faculty in ALL MAJOR FIELDS after three years in the public institutions studied was 19.8 percent (\$31,610 minus \$26,376 equals \$5,234). In comparison to the discipline/major field of communications (20.6%), therefore, the faculty in ALL MAJOR FIELDS increased their salaries by 0.8 percent (20.6% minus 19.8% equals 0.8%) less than faculty in the discipline/major field of communications.

Since the discipline/major field of communications is one of the "younger" disciplines, the reader may note that the faculty mix percentage is lower at the professor rank than at the assistant professor rank in the public studies;



0.20 vs. 0.31 (1982-83) respectively; and 0.23 vs. 0.29 (1985-86) respectively. This is different than the faculty mix percentage at the ranks of professor and assistant professor in ALL MAJOR FIELDS for both public studies: 0.33 vs. 0.27 (1982-83) and 0.36 vs. 0.26 (1985-86) respectively. In other words ALL MAJOR FIELDS has a higher percentage of professors and a lower percentage of assistant professors than communications in both public studies.

Finally, it is substantiated by the high hiring rate of new assistant proEssors in communications in the public studies: 5.4 percent (38/706) in
1982-83 vs. 3.6 percent (1,268/35,137) in ALL MAJOR FIELDS in 1982-83. Also,
the hiring rate of new assistant professors in communications in 1985-86 was
4.8 percent (45/947) vs. 3.9 percent (1,541/39,815) in ALL MAJOR FIELDS that
same year. In other words the hiring rate in the discipline/major field of
communications is higher than for ALL MAJOR FIELDS in both the public studies
of 1982-83 and 1985-86.

RESULTS OF THE TWO PRIVATE STUDIES, 1982-83 AND 1985-86

In the PRIVATE 1982-83 salary study in the above table, the reader may note that the discipline/major field of communications was reported in 76 of the 193 private institutions. The average salary of the 289 faculty was \$22,658. This average salary was approximately 10 percent (0.90) lower than the average salary of \$25,213 for all 15,823 faculty in ALL MAJOR FIELDS in the 1982-83 private study.

In the PRIVATE 1985-86 salary study in the above table, the discipline/major field of communications was reported in 100 of the same 193 private institutions. The average salary of the 457 faculty was \$26,420. This average salary was about 11 percent (0.89) lower than the average salary of \$29,850 for all 17,299 faculty in ALL MAJOR FIELDS in the 1985-86 private study.



The increase in average salaries for all faculty in communications after three years in the private institutions studied was 16.6 percent (\$26,420 minus \$22,658 equals \$3,762). The CPI of increased cost-of-living between October 1982 and October 1985 was 10.7 percent. A more realistic increase, therefore, in average faculty salaries over the three-year time period is 5.9 percent or 2.0 percent each year above the cost-of-living.

The increase in average salaries for all faculty in ALL MAJOR FIELDS after three years in the private institutions studied was 18.4 percent (\$29,850 minus \$25,213 equals \$4,637). In comparison to the discipline/major field of communications (16.6%), therefore, the faculty in ALL MAJOR FIELDS increased their salaries by 1.8% percent (18.4% minus 16.6% equals 1.8%) more than faculty in the discipline/major field of communications.

Since the discipline/major field of communications is one of the "younger" disciplines, the reader may note that the faculty mix percentage is extremely lower at the professor rank than at the assistant professor rank in the private studies: 0.15 vs. 0.44 (1982-83) respectively; and 0.18 vs. 0.42 (1985-86) respectively. This is dissimilar to the faculty mix percentage in ALL MAJOR FIELDS for both private studies: 0.28 vs. 0.33 (1982-83) respectively; and 0.30 vs. 0.31 (1985-86) respectively.

Finally, the reader may note that the hiring rate of new assistant professors in communications in the private studies was greater than the hiring rate in ALL MAJOR FIELDS both in 1982-83, 5.2 percent (15/289) vs. 4.7 percent (739/15,823) respectively; and in 1985-86, 9.2 percent (42/457) vs. 4.9 percent (843/17,299), respectively. In other words the hiring rate in the discipline/major field of communications is greater than for ALL MAJOR FIELDS in both the private studies of 1982-83 and 1985-86.



CONCLUDING REMARKS

This article presented salary-trend information on the academic discipline/major field of communications and compared that information with 40 other academic disciplines/major fields over a period of three years: the "baseline year" of 1982-83 and the "trend year" of 1985-86. Two studies, one for public (AASCU) institutions, and the other for private institutions were conducted for the baseline year and for the trend year—a total of four studies. A total of 2,399 faculty in the discipline/major field of communications participated and were included in the overall total of 108,074 faculty in all 41 disciplines/major fields in all four studies. The same 174 public (AASCU) institutions and the same 193 private institutions in the United States participated in the baseline year and the trend year.

Although many interpolations and extrapolations of the data may be made, a few of the more important ones are as follows. First, the average faculty salary in the discipline/major field of communications is currently (1985-86) some 9 and 11 percent below the overall average faculty salary in the other 40 disciplines/major fields of both the public and private studies respectively. In the discipline/major field of communications, the average faculty salary in the private institutions, while the same in 1982-83, lagged behind that of the qublic institutions in 1985-86. While average salaries increased in both the public and private institutions in the 1985-86 study, the salary factor for the private study dropped 1% and increased by 1% in the public study, in comparison to the salary factor for ALL MAJOR FIELDS.

Second, the CPI of October 1985, in comparison to the CPI of October 1982, indicates that the faculty in communications, in both the public and private institutions, received overall salary increases for three years above the cost-of-living. Although communications average faculty salary increases



were above cost-of-living escalations, average faculty salaries in private institutions have some catching up to do in relationship to ALL MAJOR FIELDS. However, public and private faculty salaries in the discipline/major field of communications are comparable when comparing to ALL MAJOR FIELDS of public and private institutions.

Since, the discipline/major field of communications is one of the younger disciplines, there is a marked difference between those faculty in the public and private institutions in comparison to ALL MAJOR FIELES. There are currently (1985-86) 6% more assistant professors than professors in the public institutions and 24% more assistant professors than professors in private institutions. Both communications faculty in public and private institutions are being promoted faster than their colleagues in ALL MAJOR FIELDS. It seems a smaller percentage of new assistant professors are being hired in the public institutions.

Now that a rather significant data base on individual faculty member salaries has been developed, it is anticipated that additional salary-trend studies will be made in communications, and in other disciplines/major fields, on an annual basis.

APPENDICES:



¹⁾ OVERALL LIST OF SELECTED DISCIPLINES, page 10

²⁾ LIST OF PUBLIC Participating Institutions, page 11

³⁾ LIST OF PRIVATE Participating Institutions, page 13

APPENDIX A.

OVERALL LIST OF SELECTED DISCIPLINES

AGRIBUSINESS AND AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTION

LETTERS

ACCOUNTING

LIBRARY AND ARCHIVAL SCIENCES

ANTHROPOLOGY

LIFE SCIENCES

AREA AND ETHNIC STUDIES

MATHEMATICS

AUDIOLOGY AND SPEECH PATHOLOGY

MUSIC

BUSINESS & MANAGEMENT

MULTI-INTERDISCIPLINARY

BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION AND MANAGEMENT

NURSING

BUSINESS ECONOMICS

PHYSICAL SCIENCES

PHYSICS

COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGIES

POLITICAL SCIENCE

COMMUNICATIONS

CHEMISTRY

PSYCHOLOGY

COMPUTER & INFORMATION SCIENCES

READING EDUCATION

CURRICULUM AND INSTRUCTION

SECRETARIAL AND RELATED PROGRAMS

DRAMATIC ARTS

SOCIAL SCIENCES

EDUCATION

SOCIOLOGY STUDIES

EDUCATION ADMINISTRATION

SPECIAL EDUCATION

. ENGINEERING

STUDENT COUNSELING AND PERSONNEL

SERVICES

FINE ARTS

GEOGRAPHY

VISUAL AND PERFORMING ARTS

FOREIGN LANGUAGES

TOTAL: 41

GEOLOGICAL SCIENCES

HISTORY

HOME ECONOMICS

APPENDIX B.

CUPA Public (AASCU) Faculty Salary Studies: 1982-83 and 1985-86

Participating Institutions

Alabama State University (AL) Glenville State College (WV) Appalachian State University (NC) Grand Valley State College (MI) Arkansas State University (AR) Harris-Stowe State College (MO) Arkansas Tech University (AR) Idaho State University (ID) Augusta College (GA) Illinois State University (IL) Black Hills State College (SD) Indiana State University (IN) Boise State University (ID) Jackson State Upiversity (MS) California State University, Dominguez Hills (CA) Kennesaw College (GA) California State University, Hayward (CA) Kent State University (OH) California State University, Long Beach (CA) Kutztown University (PA) California State University, San Bernadino (CA) Lake Superior State College (MI) California State University, Stanislaus (CA) Lamar University -- Beaumont (TX) California University of Pennsylvania (PA) Lander College (SC) Castleton State College (VT) Laredo State University (TX) Central Connecticut State University (CT) Lewis-Clark State College (ID) Central Michigan University (MI) Longwood College (VA) Central Missouri State University (MO) Louisiana State University in Shreveport (LA) Central State University (OK) Marshall University (WV) Central Washington University (WA) Mary Washington College (VA) Chicago State University (IL) Massachusetts Maritime Academy (MA) Christopher Newport College (VA) Mayville State College (ND) Clarion University of Pennsylvania (PA) McNeese State University (LA) College of William and Mary (VA) Memphis State University (TN) Columbus College (GA) Mesa College (CO) Concord College (WV) Metropolitan State College (CO) Dakota State College (SD) Middle Tennessee State University (TN) Delta State University (MS) Midwestern State University (TX) East Stroudsburg University (PA) Millersville University (PA) East Texas State University (TX) Morehead State University (KY) East Texas State University at Texarkana (TX) Murray State University (KY) Eastern Connecticut State University (CT) North Adams State College (MA) Eastern Illinois University (IL) North Carolina Agricultural & Technical Eastern Kentucky University (KY) State University (NC) Eastern New Mexico University (NM) North Carolina Central University (NC) Eastern Oregon State College (OR) Northeast Missouri State University (MO) Eastern Washington University (WA) Northeastern Illinois University (IL) Edinboro University of Pennsylvania (PA) Northern Arizona University (AZ) Fairmont State College (WV) Northern Illinois University (IL) Fitchburg State Coîlege (MA) Northern Kentucky University (KY) Florida International University (FL) Northern Michigan University (MI) Fort Hays State University (KS) Northern State College (SD) Francis Marion College (SC) Oakland University (MI) Frostburg State College (MD) Old Dominion University (VA) George Mason University (VA) Oregon Institute of Technology (OR) Georgia College (GA) Pittsburg State University (KS) Georgia Southern College (GA) Purdue University at Calumet (IN)



Georgia Southwestern College (GA)

Saginaw Valley State College (MI)

Participating Institutions (continued):

Salem State College (MA) Salisbury State College (MD) San Diego State University (CA) Savannah State College (GA) Shepherd College (WV) Shippensburg University (PA) Sonoma State University (CA) Southeast Missouri State University (MO) Southeasta Ta Louisiana University (LA) Southern Arkansas University (AR) Southern Connecticut State University (CT) Southern Illinois University at Edwardsville (IL) Southern Oregon State College (OR) Southern Technical Institute (GA) Southwest Missouri State University (MO) Southwest State University (MN) Southwest Texas State University (TX) St. Cloud University (MN) State University College at Brockport (NY) State University College at Geneseo (NY) State University College at Plattsburgh (NY) State University College of Arts & Sciences at Potsdam (NY) State University of New York College at Cortland (NY) Westfield State College (MA) State University of New York College at Fredomia (NY) Tennessee Technological University (TN) Texas A&I University (TX) Texas A&M University at Galveston (TX) Trenton State College (NJ) Troy State University (AL) University of Akron, The (OH) University of Alaska at Anchorage (AK) University of Baltimore (MD) University of Central Arkansas (AR) University of Colorado at Colorado Springs (CO) University of Lowell (MA) University of Maine at Presque Isle (ME) University of Maryland Baltimore County (MD) University of Nebraska at Omaha (NE) University of Nevada, Las Vegas (NV) University of North Alabama (AL) University of North Carolina at Charlotte (NC) University of North Carolina at Greensboro (NC) University of Northern Colorado (CO) University of Northern Iowa (IA) University of Science and Arts of Oklahoma (OK) University of South Alabama (AL) University of South Carolina at Aiken (SC) University of South Carolina at Spartanburg (SC) University of South Florida (FL)

University of Southern Colorado (CO) University of Southern Indiana (IN) University of Tennessee at Chatlanooga (TN) University of Tennessee at Martin (TN) University of Texas at Dallas (TX) University of Texas at Tyler (TX) University of Texas of the Permian Basin (TX) University of Toledo, The (OH) University of West Florida (FL) University of Wisconsin at Oshkosh (WI) University of Wisconsin--La Crosse (WI) University of Wisconsin--Stevens Point (WI) University of Wisconsin--Stout (WI) University of Wisconsin--Superior (WI) Valdosta State College (GA) Weber State College (UT) West Georgia College (GA) West Liberty State College (WV) West Virginia College of Graduate Studies (WV) West Virginia Institute of Technology (WV) Western Carolina University (NC) Western Illinois University (IL) Western Kentucky University (KY) Western Michigan University (MI) Western Montana College (MT) Western New Mexico University (NM) Western Oregon State College (OR) Western Washington University (WA) Wichita State University (KS) Winston-Salem State University (NC) Youngstown State University (OH)

TOTAL: 174



APPENDIX C.

CUPA Private (AASCU) Faculty Salary Studies: 1982-83 and 1985-86

Participating Institutions

Adelphi University (NY) Albertus Magnus College (CT) Alfred University (NY) Allentown College of St. Francis de Sales (PA) Alma College (MI) Alverno College (WI) American Technological University (TX) American University, The (DC) Anna Maria College (MA) Aquinas College (MI) Aurora University (IL) Averett College (VA) Avila College (M7) Azusa Pacific University (CA) Babson College (MA) Baker University (KS) Barnard College (NY) Barry University (FL) Bellarmine College (KY) Bennett College (NC) Bethel College (KS) Bethune-Cookman College (FL) Biola University (CA) Bishop College (TX) Bloomfield College (NJ) Boston University (MA) Bradley University (IL) Briar Cliff College (IA) Bridgewater College (VA) Bryan College (TN) Bucknell University (PA) Carnegie-Mellon University (PA) Catholic University of Puerto Rico (PR) Cedar Crest College (PA) Cedarville College (OH) Central College (IA) Chaminade University of Honolulu (HI) Clark University (MA) Clarkson University (NY) College Misericordia (PA) College of Mount St. Joseph (OH) College of Notre Dame (CA) College of Saint Rose, The (NY) College of St. Scholastica (MN) College of the Holy Cross (MA)

Converse College (SC) Creighton University (NE) D'Youville College (NY) Dakota Wesleyan University (SD) Davis and Elkins College (WV) Defiance College, The (OH) DePaul University (IL) Dickinson College (PA) Doane College (NE) Drake University (IA) Drew University (NJ) Eckerd College (FL) Elmira College (NY) Ferrum College (VA) Fontborne College (MO) Fort Wayne Bible College (IN) Furman University (SC) Gallaudet College (DC) George Washington University, The (DC) Georgetown College (KY) Georgetown University (DC) Georgian Court College (NJ) Graceland College (IA) Hamilton College (NY) Hamline University (MN) Hampton University (VA) Hanover College (IN) Hartwick College (NY) Hastings College (NE) Heidelberg College (OH) Holy Family College (PA) Hood College (MD) Hope College (MI) Husson College (ME) Illinois Benedictine College (IL) Immaculata College (?A) Iona College (NY) Ithaca College (NY) Jacksonville University (FL) John Carroll University (OH) Kalamazoo College (MI) Kentucky Wesleyan College (KY) King's College (PA) La Roche College (PA) Larayette College (PA) Lakeland College (WI) Lambuth College (TN)

Columbia College (MO)

Concordia College (MN)

Participating Institutions (continued):

Lewis University (IL) Rust College (MS) Lincoln Memorial University (TN) Sacred Heart University (CT) Linfield College (OR) Saint Joseph College (CT) Loyola College (MD) Saint Mary's College (MN) Luther College (IA) Saint Peter's College (NJ) Lycoming College (PA) Saint Vincent College (PA) Marist College (NY) Salve Regina -- The Newport College (RI) Mars Hill College (NC) School of the Ozarks, The (MO) Mary Baldwin College (VA) Seattle Pacific University (WA) Marygrove College (MI) Seattle University (WA) Marymount College (NY) Seton Hill College (PA) Marymount Manhattan College (NY) Siena College (NY) Maryville College (TN) Siena Heights College (MI) Marywood College (PA) Simpson College (IA) McKendree College (IL) St. Edward's University (TX) Mercy College of Detroit (MI) St. Mary's College of California (CA) Meredith College (NC) St. Norbert College (WI) Merrimack College (MA) Suffolk University (MA) Midland Lutheran College (NE) Susquehanna University (PA) Millikin University (IL) Thomas College (ME) Minneapolis College of Art and Design (MN) Trinity College (VT) Molloy College (NY) Trinity University (LA) Moravian College (PA) University of Dayton, The (OH) Morris Brown College (GA) University of Detroit (MI) Mount Mary College (WI) University of Laverne (CA) Mount Marty College (SD) University of Miami (FL) Mount Mercy College (IA) Univeristy of Portland (OR) Mount St. Mary's College (CA) University of San Diego (CA) Mount Vernon College (DC) University of Scranton (PA) University of Tampa (FL) Nazareth College at Kalamazoo (MI) North Park College (IL) Ursuline College (OH) Northwestern College (MN) Villa Maria Collefge (PA) Oglethorpe University (GA) Viterbo College (WI) Oklahoma Baptist University (OK) Voorhees College (SC) Our Lady of the Lake University (TX) Walsh College (OH) Park, College (MO) Washington and Jefferson College (PA) Pepperdine University (CA) Waynesburg College (PA) Phillips University (OK) Wentworth Institute of Technology (MA) Point Loma Nazarane College (CA) West Virginia Wesleyan College (WV) Presbyterian College (SC) Western Conservative Baptist Seminary (OR) Princeton Theological Seminary (NJ) Westmar College (IA) Principia College (IL) Whitman College (WA) Quinnipiac College (CT) Wilkes College (PA) Randolph-Macon College (VA) William Jewell College (MO) Regis College (CO) William Penn College (IA) Regis College (MA) Wittenburg University (OH) Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute (NY) Rice University (TX) TOTAL: 193 Rider College (NJ) Rockford College (IL) Roosevelt University (IL)

